

### **Keshe Reactor Group Jan 3.**

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uZDCR-XgyY0>

around 2.55:

Caustic: in the factories we keep cold caustic. We find if we put our Cu plates in cold caustic before hot caustic it produces better nano materials. So leave for a day or few hrs in cold. When you use hot caustic the instant hot submergence is important, don't just steam first time. Even with coils. We also see failures in gas torching.

Many have trouble with nano coating. Give Cu bath in vinegar and salt for 20mins beforehand – this is also Na, this activates the environment for the Cu too. I see coating failing because they think once its coated its all done, but no you need to handle carefully afterwards. Cant coat coils before nesting them. You need to consider what gans you are putting on coils, to see different behaviours. A lot of people don't understand, you gans coat your magnetical always with CH<sub>3</sub>, and grav always with Co<sub>2</sub> or ZnO. You cant just nano and gans coat both at the same time [??? help]

We are testing the new gen today, and failures are due to small twitches not done properly. Why some magrav are perfect and some don't work, even from the same production line. Never touch nanocoated material once it's made, keep soft. Don't pile things on eachother.

Bit of K in the caustic makes a huge difference, changes the nano spacing. How do you embed the coils into eachother after coating without damaging them? Can you wrap and then sleeve it? [makes capacitors]

Hang a nanocoated material behind you or round the fire, see how you feel. Or a few gans bottles of Co<sub>2</sub> behind you near a fire, you should feel your back as warm as your front. If you assemble Zinc, Cu and Fe nano coated plates in a space you get a stable 37° temp, try it. This is how your blood works. How do we feel cold? What material changes to make us super cold? Reduction in iron or zinc or ? if one element changes then temp is affected.

In our new factories we are not building them with air conditioning, we don't need to. We wash heat stroke dogs in Co<sub>2</sub> gans, and give them some gans drops and they recover.

Connection of wiring when making ganses: we get bad habits. We are asking for new manuals now, needs to be done properly. Magrav theory is no problem, failures are coming in assembly, crushing n/coating. If you put a volt meter step by step around the rings you will find any failures.

I did a blueprint week a while back. New gen should be more robust.

What are the basic recommendations: don't touch n/c plates, handle by edges like a film. With coils there are tails, drop the coils inside eachother. Gans coat all coils individually. That creates the P.D. otherwise where is the gradient?

How does nanocoating work: we are working with the top 5000 layers which are Cu matter, need to rapidly melt the top layer so it evaporates and becomes a gas of itself and in that position create a condition where the structure pulls it back to itself but it holds it with a tiny gap now. You should see total Cu for as long as the plates are in the liquid. The minute you drain the water you should see the structure of the nano material coming up. If it is getting black whilst in the caustic it is not correct.

How can we keep all the steam in? In the factory we use a pipe into the tank, the container is sealed. And we don't touch it until the end. When it comes out still just touch edges and hang in containers. A nano layer is like body of a woman, do you touch the body of any woman? It is a living thing, once you move nano layers into gans you are looking at a dynamic. I see the motion. We are releasing a new product in the next few days, which will shock people.

Gases and nano materials are living sensitive things, handle respectfully and carefully. Gases produced by crushed material is not the same as made by free space.